



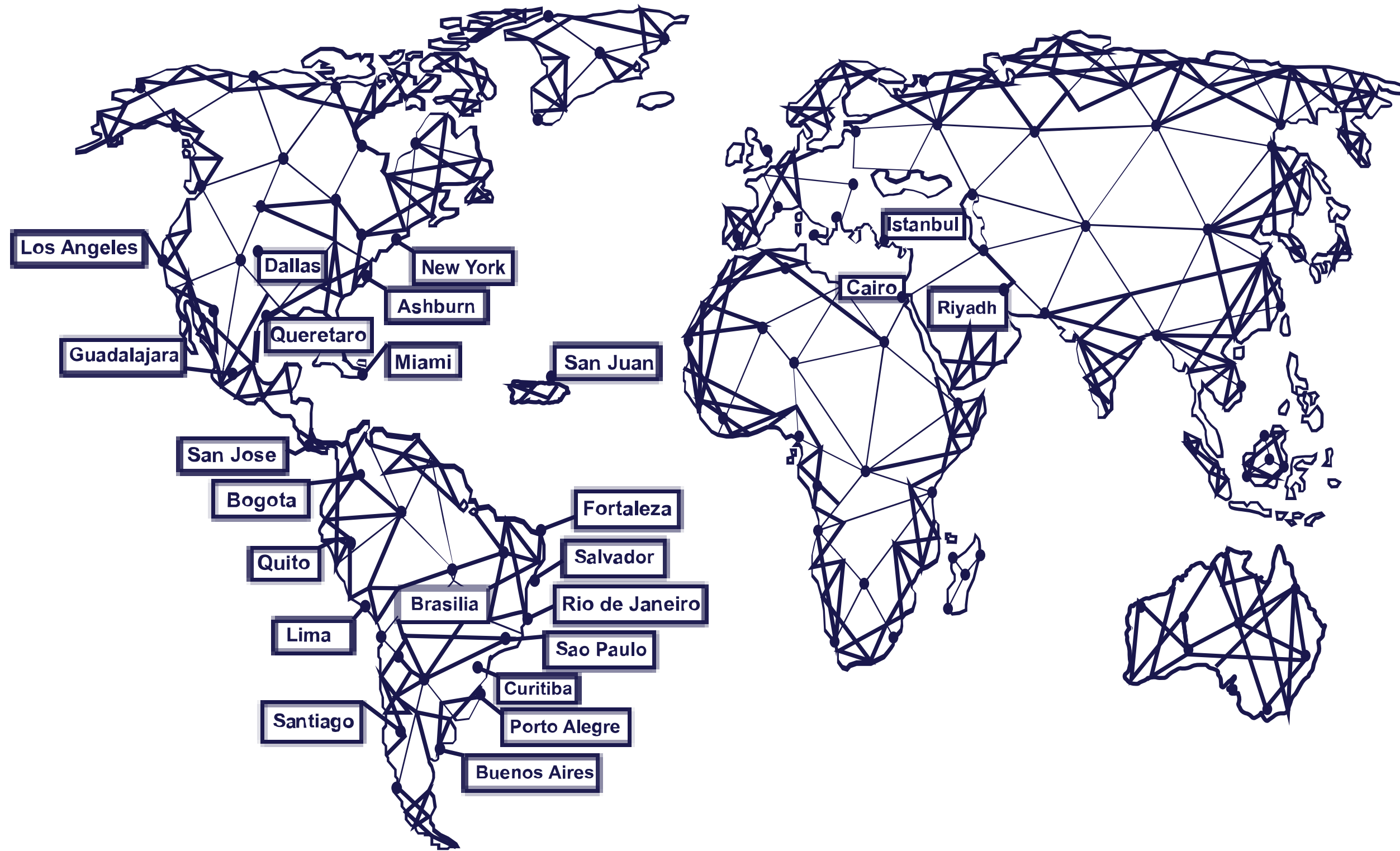
# Protocolo Ethernet na geração Terabit - o que vem depois do 400G?

**Tiago Setti**  
Diretor de Engenharia de Redes

**AS 7195**

**edg euno**

# Sobre a Edgeuno

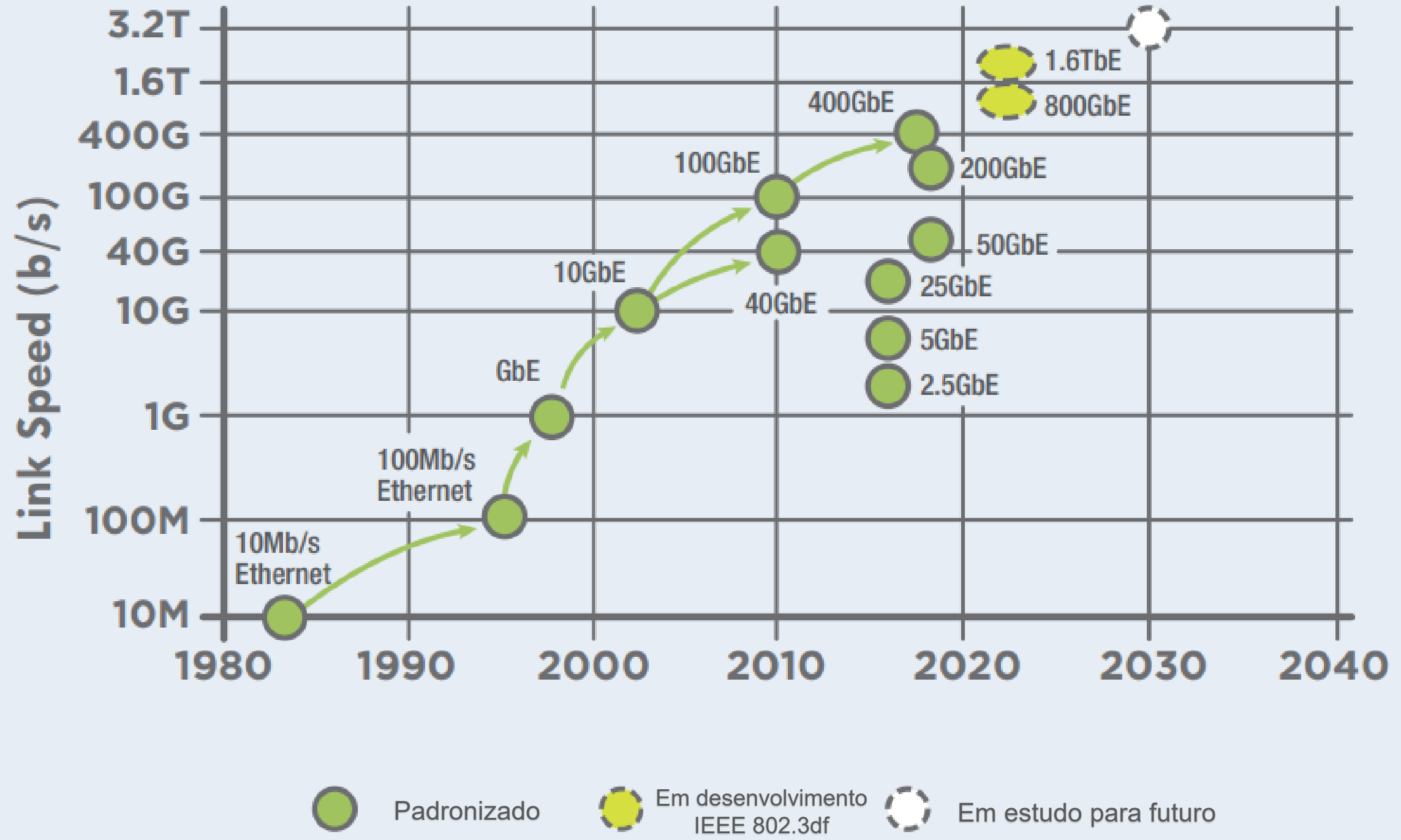


- Edge
- Cloud
- Conectividade

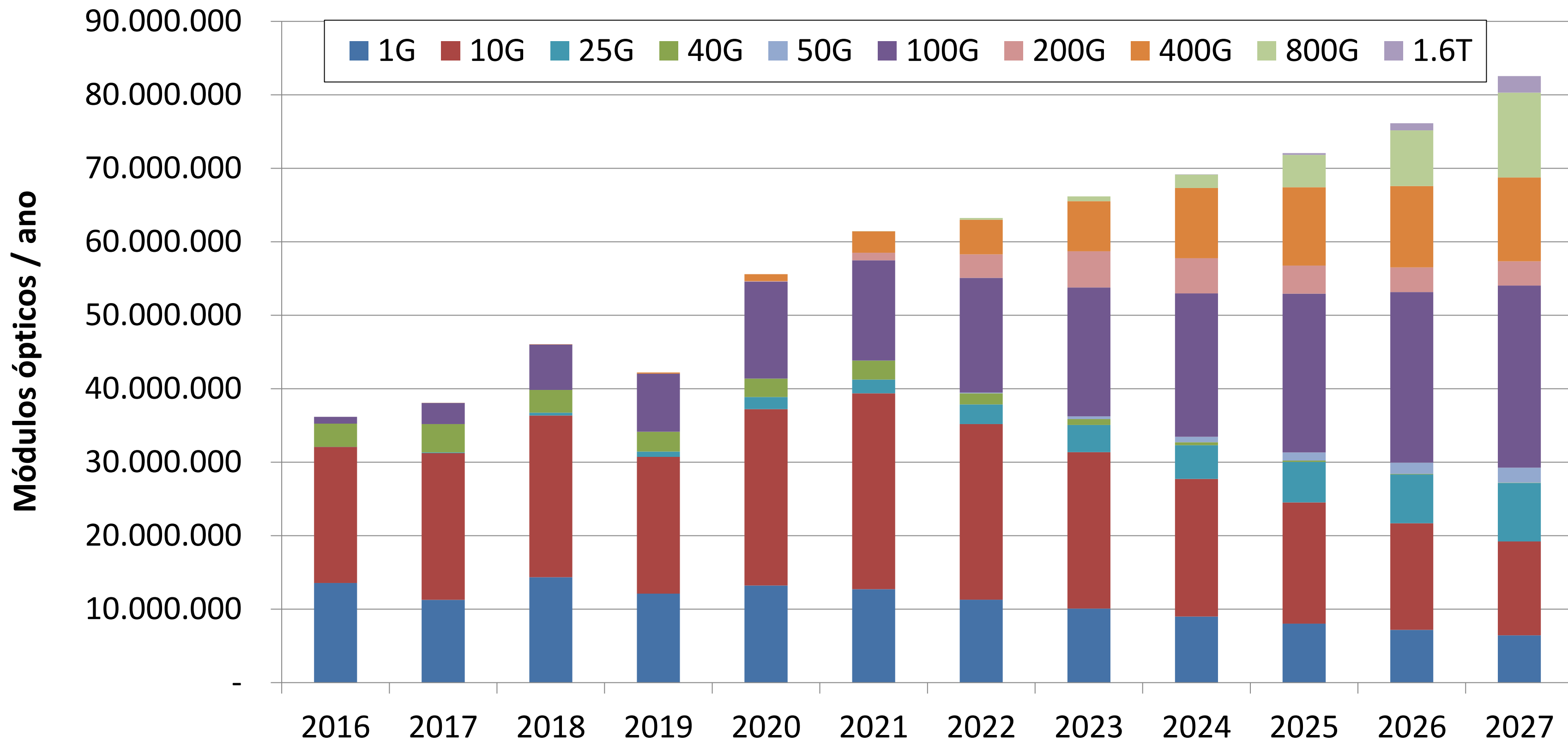


# Spoiler!

## PADRONIZAÇÃO ETHERNET



# Mercado



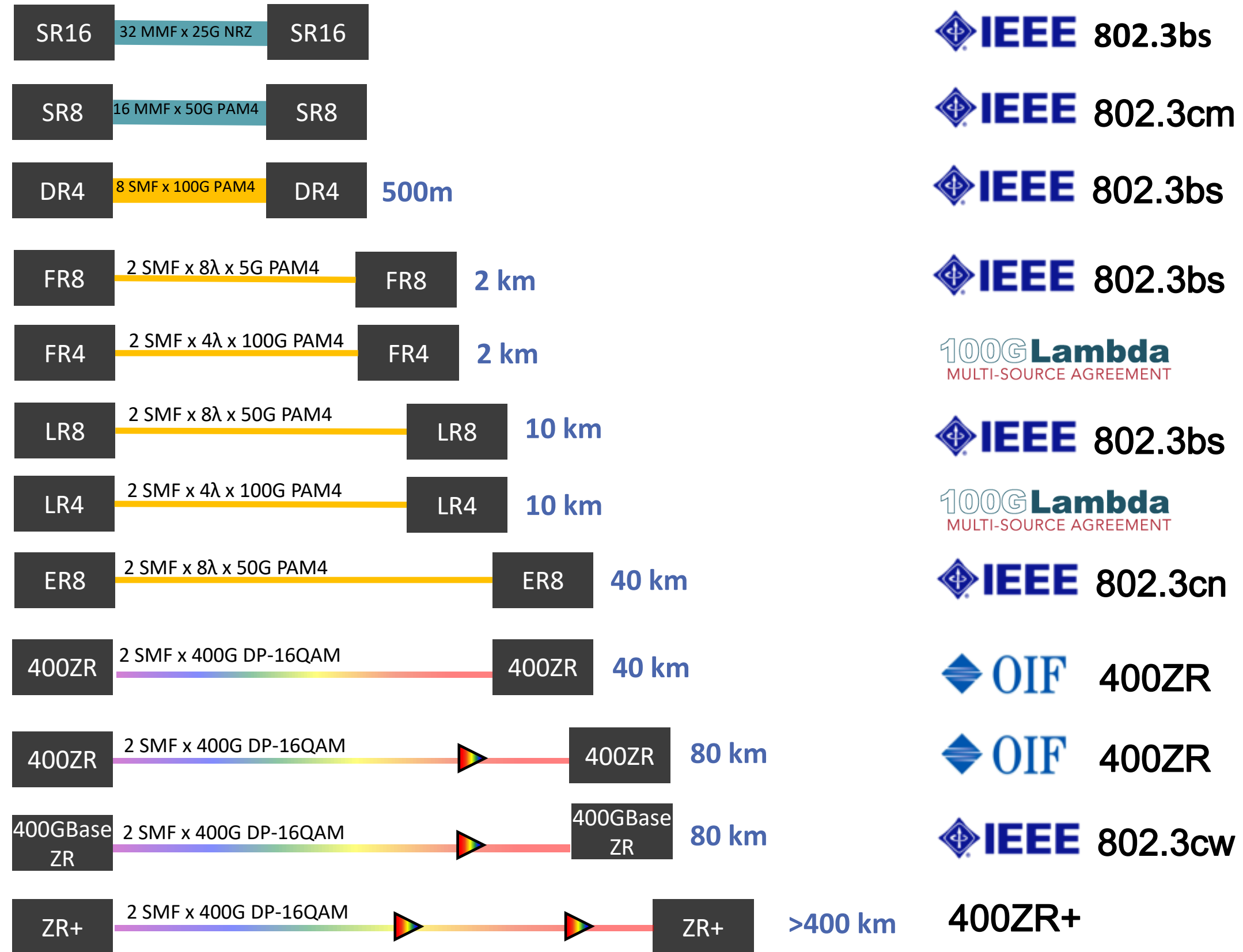
Fonte: LIGHTCOUNTING, March 2022 High Speed Ethernet Optics Report

# 400G

- Vamos relembrar alguns conceitos



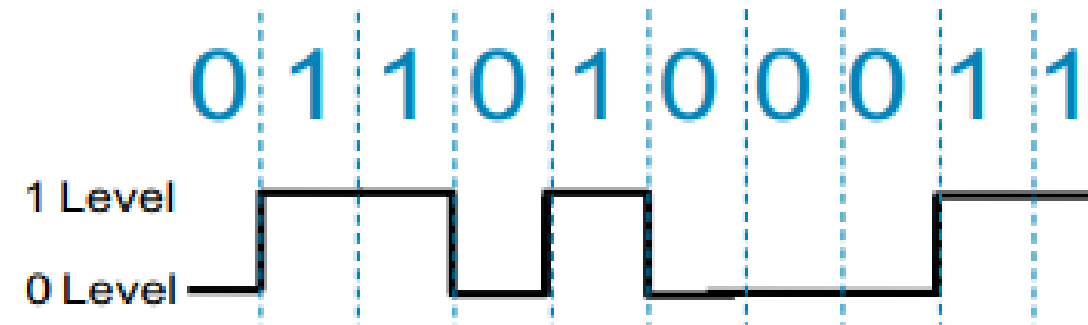
# Padrões 400G



# Modulação PAM4

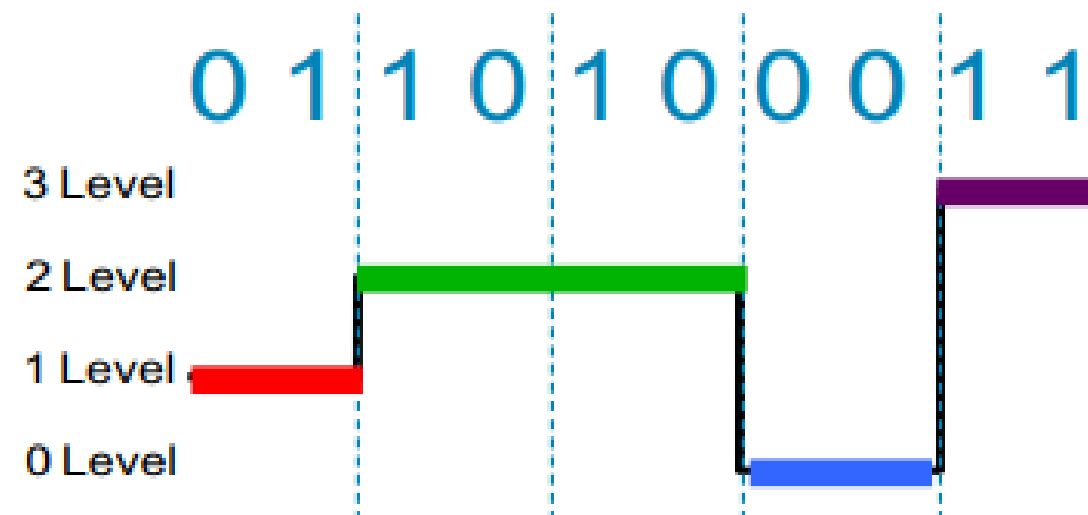
**PAM-2**  
1-bit Symbols  
(aka NRZ)

- 1 (1 level)
- 0 (0 level)

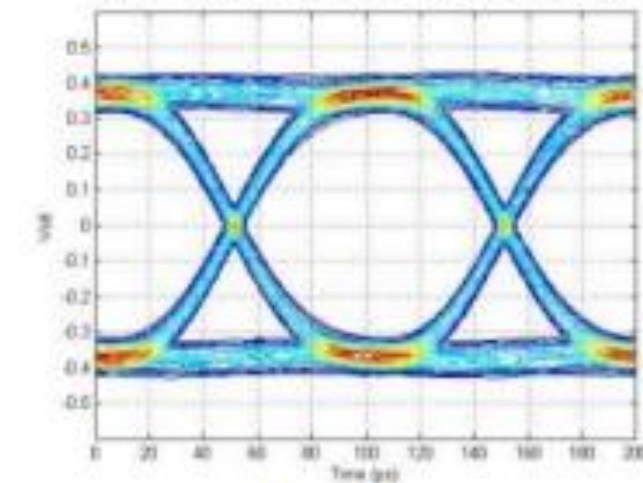


**PAM-4**  
2-bit Symbols  
(But 4 levels)

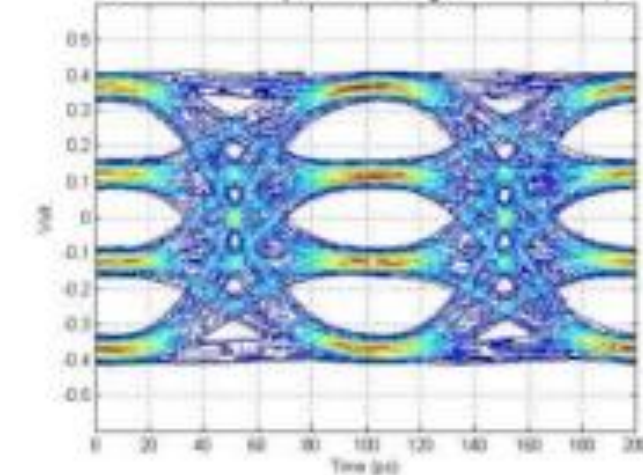
- 1 1 (3 level)
- 1 0 (2 level)
- 0 1 (1 level)
- 0 0 (0 level)



**PAM-2**  
(1-bit per symbol)

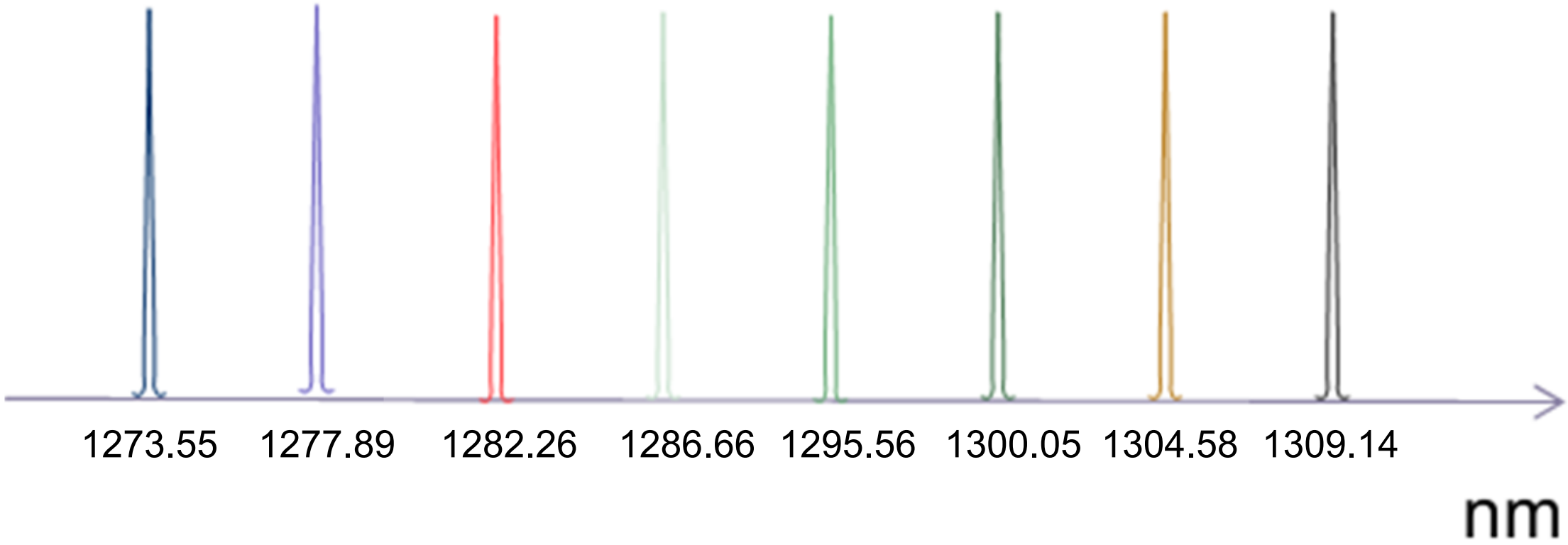


**PAM-4**  
(2-bit per symbol)



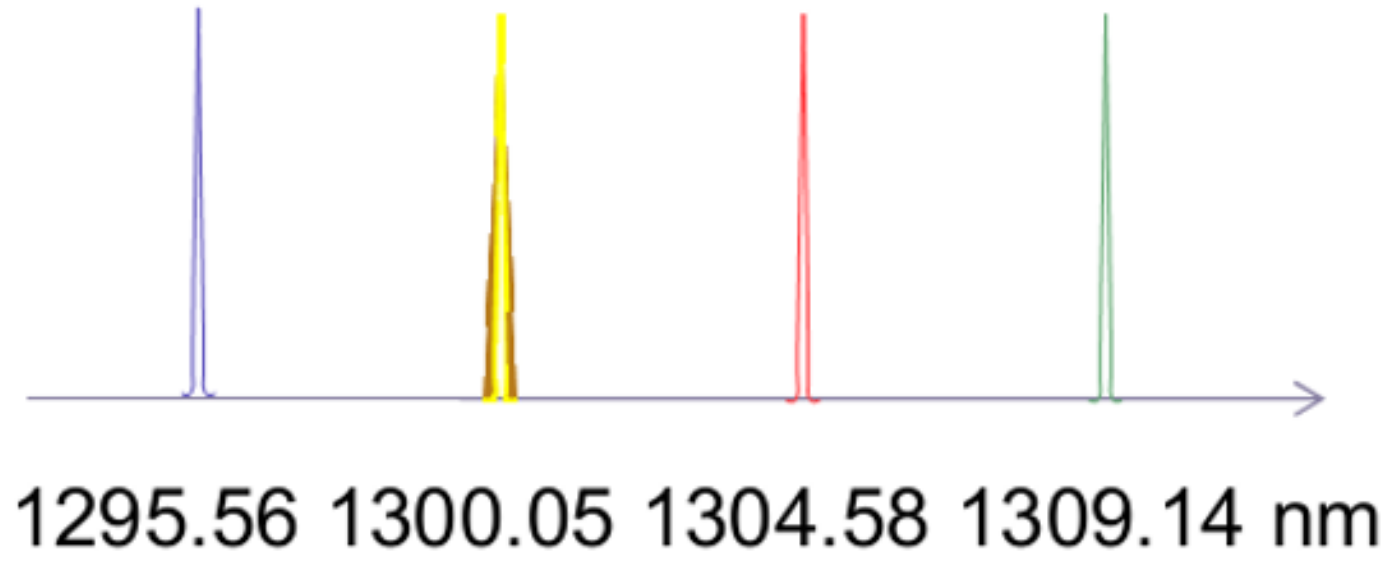
# Parallelismo

400G Ethernet LR8



8x50G

400G Ethernet LR4



4x100G

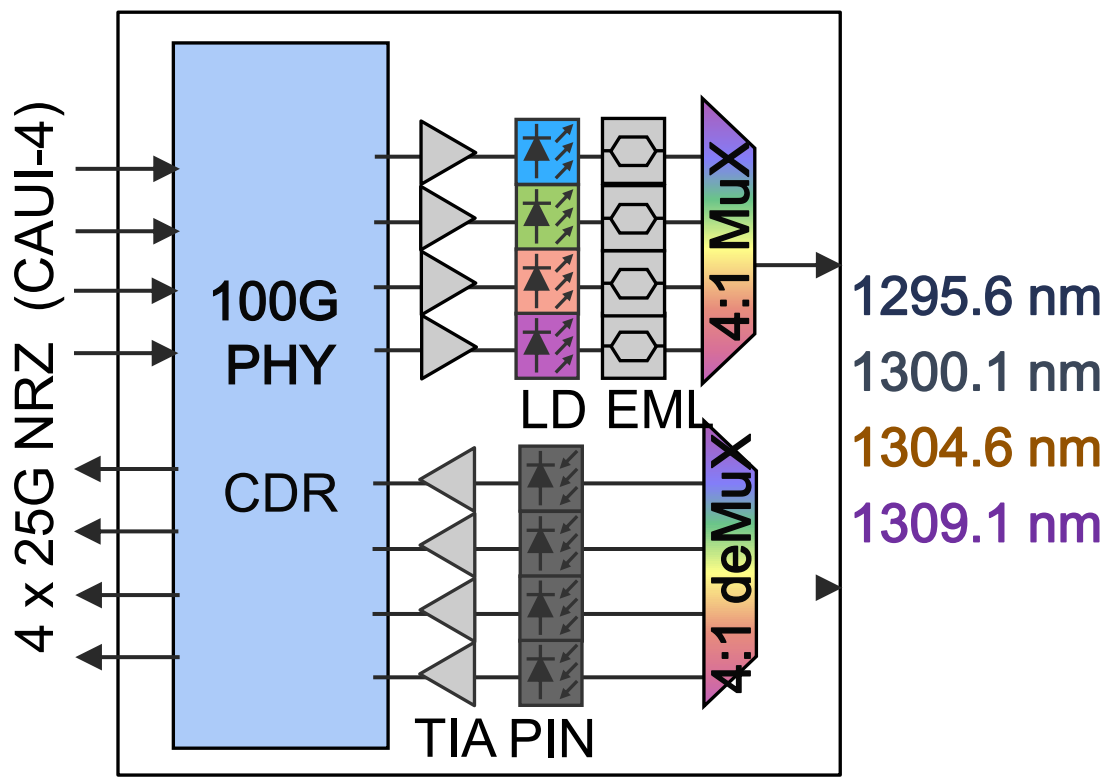


# Single Lambda 100G

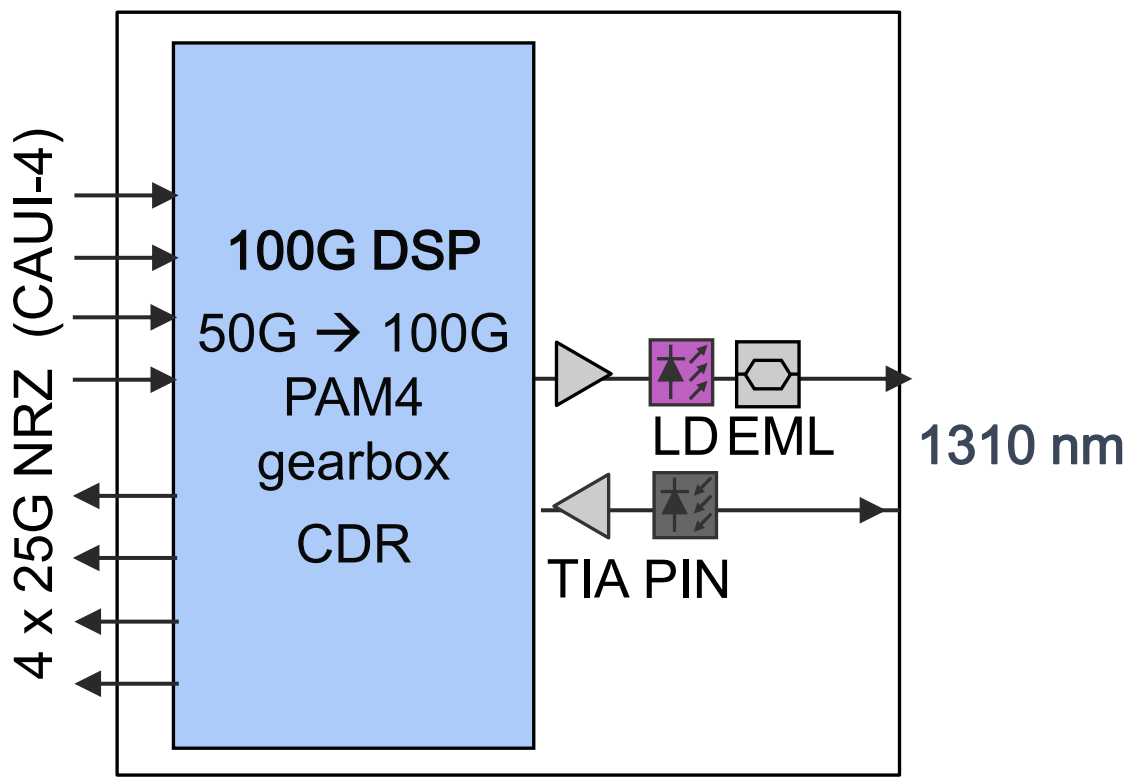
100G LR4  
(IEEE 802.3ba)



100G LR1  
(IEEE 802.3cu)

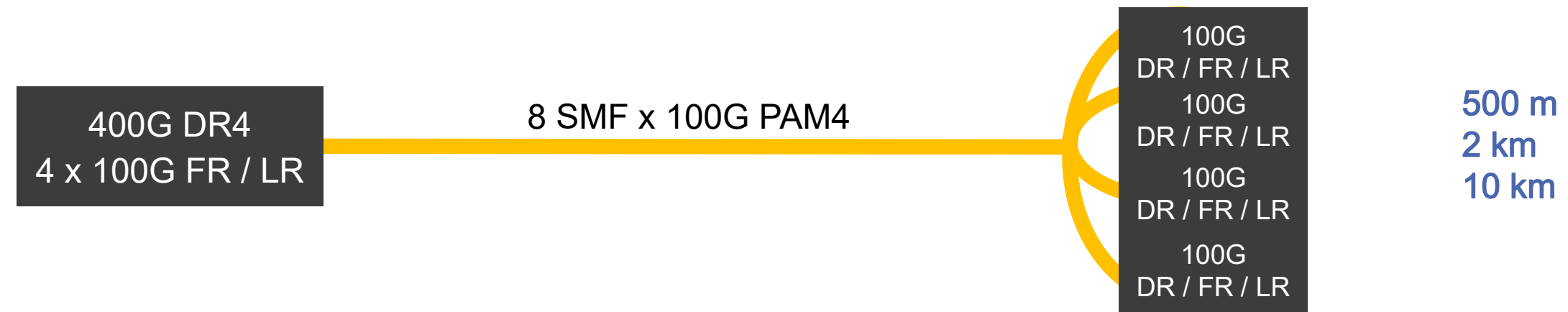


4x lasers, sem DSP



1x laser, com DSP e Gearbox

# Break-out



Interface	Fibra	Conector	Modulação	Distância
400G DR4	Paralela Mono	MPO-12	PAM4	500 m
4 x 100G FR	Paralela Mono	MPO-12	PAM4	2 km
4 x 100G LR	Paralela Mono	MPO-12	PAM4	10 km

Não compatível com módulos 100G atuais SR4/LR4 (NRZ)

# Formato Físico

**QSFP-DD**



**OSFP**



# 400ZR

- Módulos 400G DWDM de largo alcance



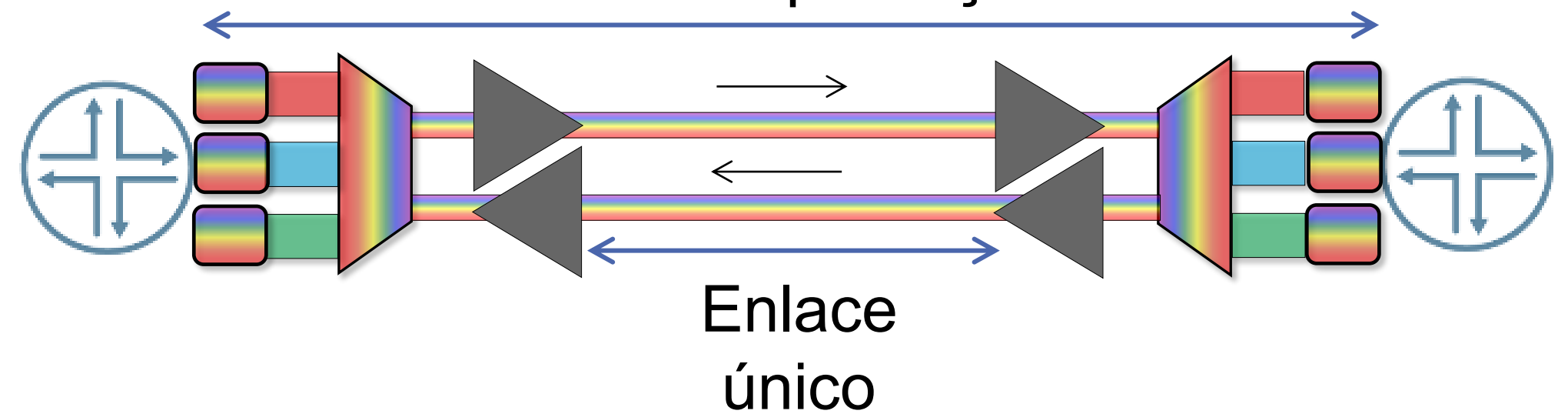
QSFP-DD, OSFP  
ou CFP2

Modulação  
16QAM DP

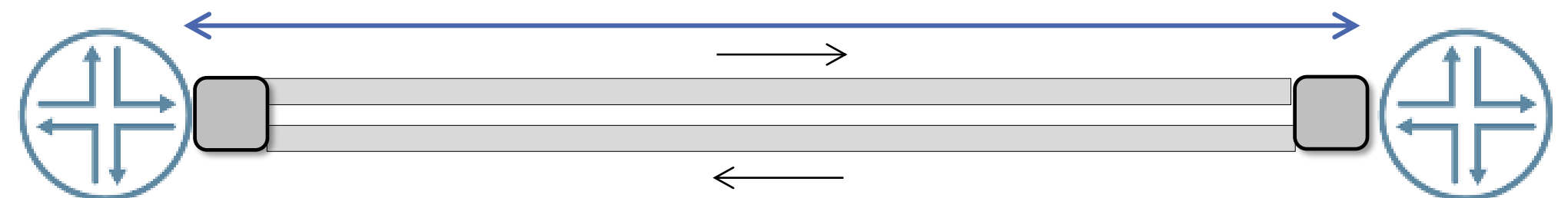
FEC com  
cabeçalho 14.8%  
CFEC

Espaçamento de  
canais de 75GHz  
ou 100GHz

48 ou 64 canais 400G DWDM até 120 km  
Com amplificação



1 x 400G over 40 km  
Sem amplificação



## 400ZR

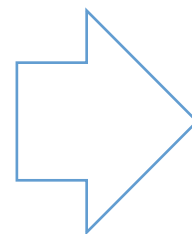
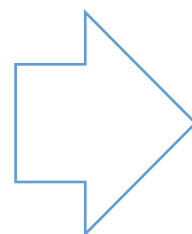
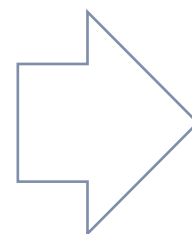
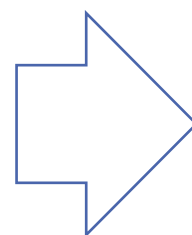
Somente 400Gbps

CFEC com ganho 10.8 dB

Alcance pra enlace único

Até 120km

Consumo baixo  
(15W)



## OpenZR+

100G, 200G, 300G, 400G

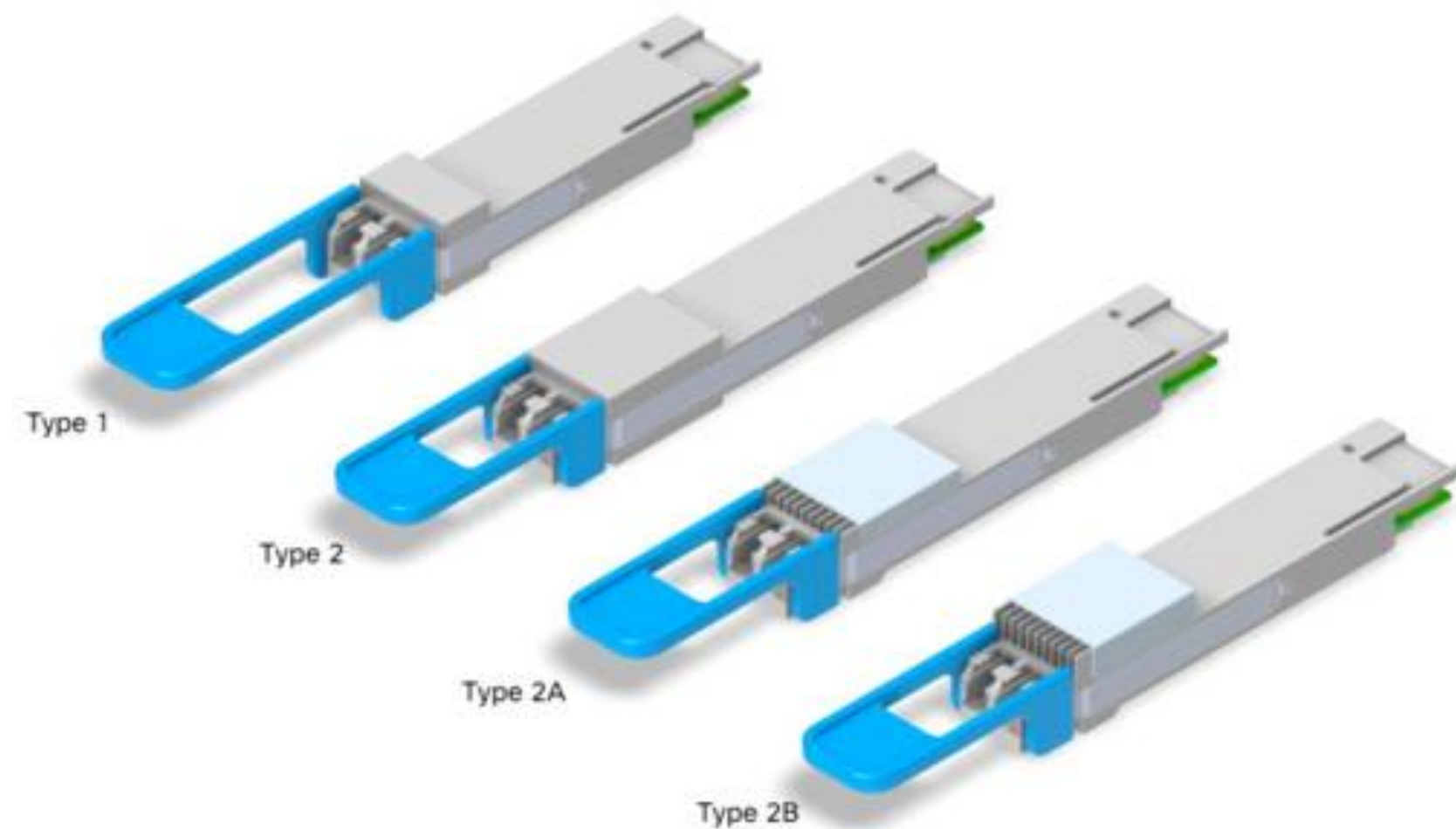
oFEC com ganho 11.6 dB

Múltiplos enlaces e redes  
ROADM

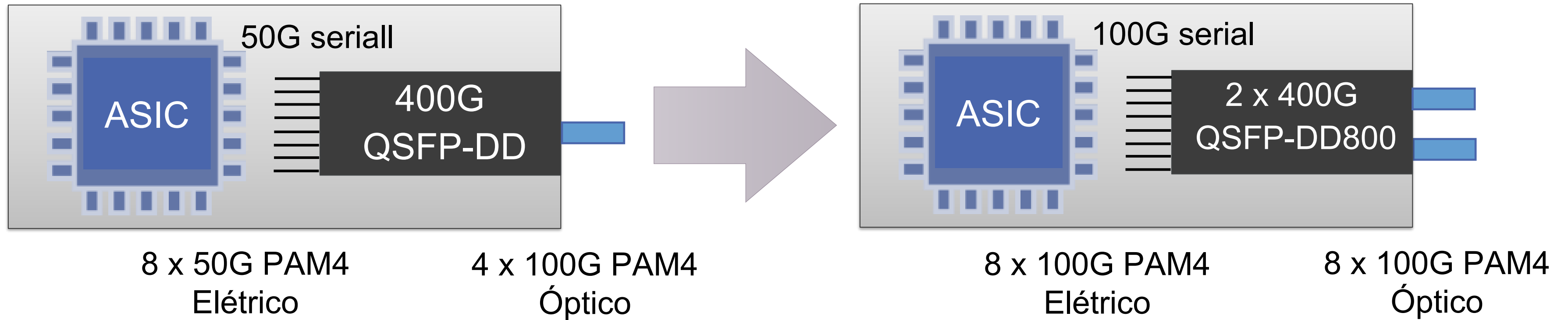
De 100 a 2000km

Consumo maior  
(18~20+ W)

# 800G & 1.6T



# 800G – com 100G serial



**Alta densidade de portas**  
com uso de break-out  
2x400G ou 8x100G

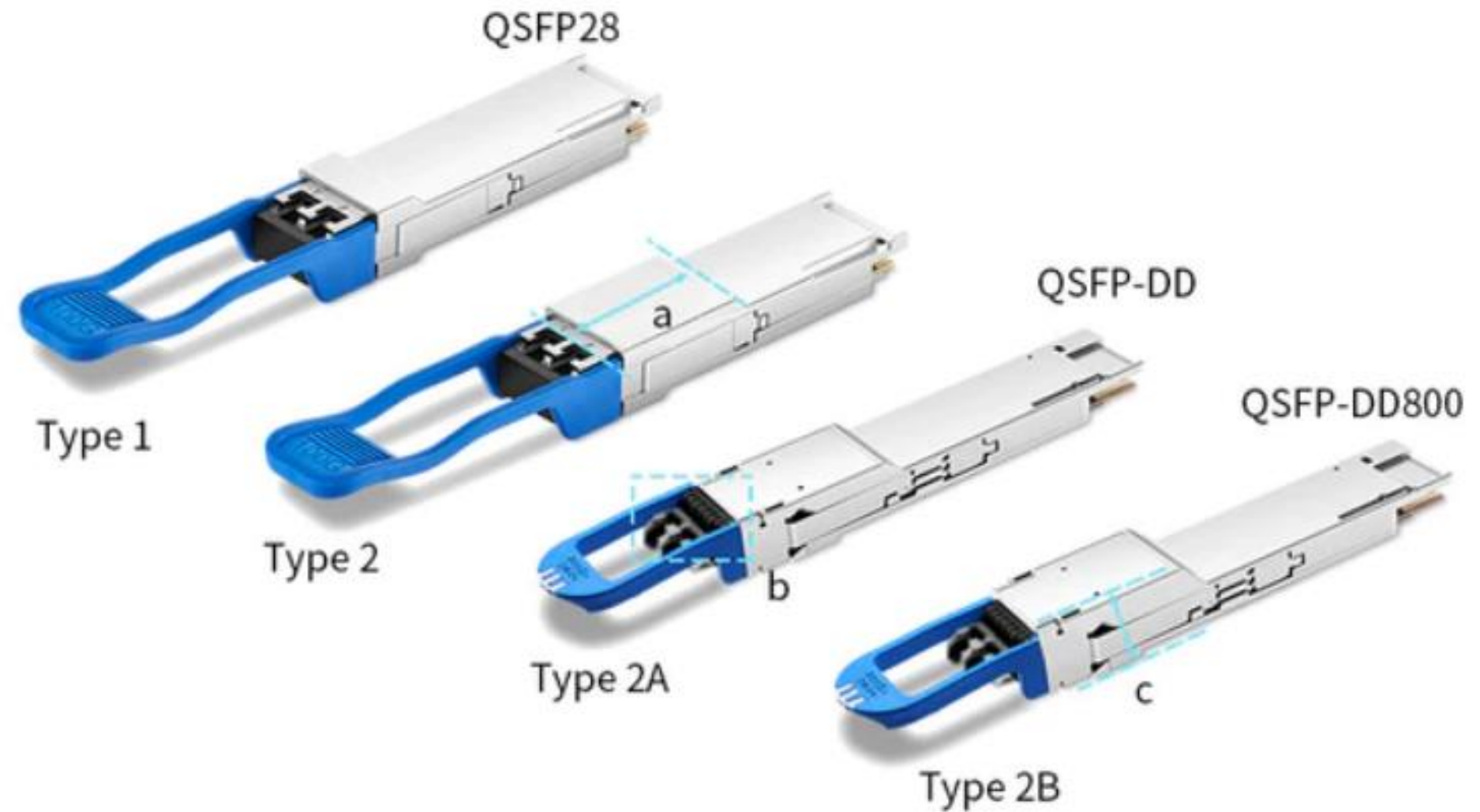
**100G serial**  
53 Gbaud PAM4 (106.25  
Gbit/s/canal)



# 800G – formato físico

QSFP-DD800 é uma atualização do padrão QSFP-DD para suportar 800G  
O novo formato continua sendo compatível com 100G QSFP28 e 400G QSFP-DD.

**QSFP-DD800** 



# Padronização no IEEE

800GE & 1.6TE  
100G & 200G electrical I/O



## IEEE P802.3df

200 Gb/s, 400 Gb/s, 800 Gb/s, and  
1.6 Tb/s Ethernet Task Force

Início: Janeiro de 2022

Previsão fim: **Até 2025**

# Impaciência do mercado



## Grandes data centers já demandam maior densidade:

- Novos ASIC para switches como Broadcom Tomahawk 4
- Uso nesse momento é somente breakout 2 x 40G ou 8x 100G

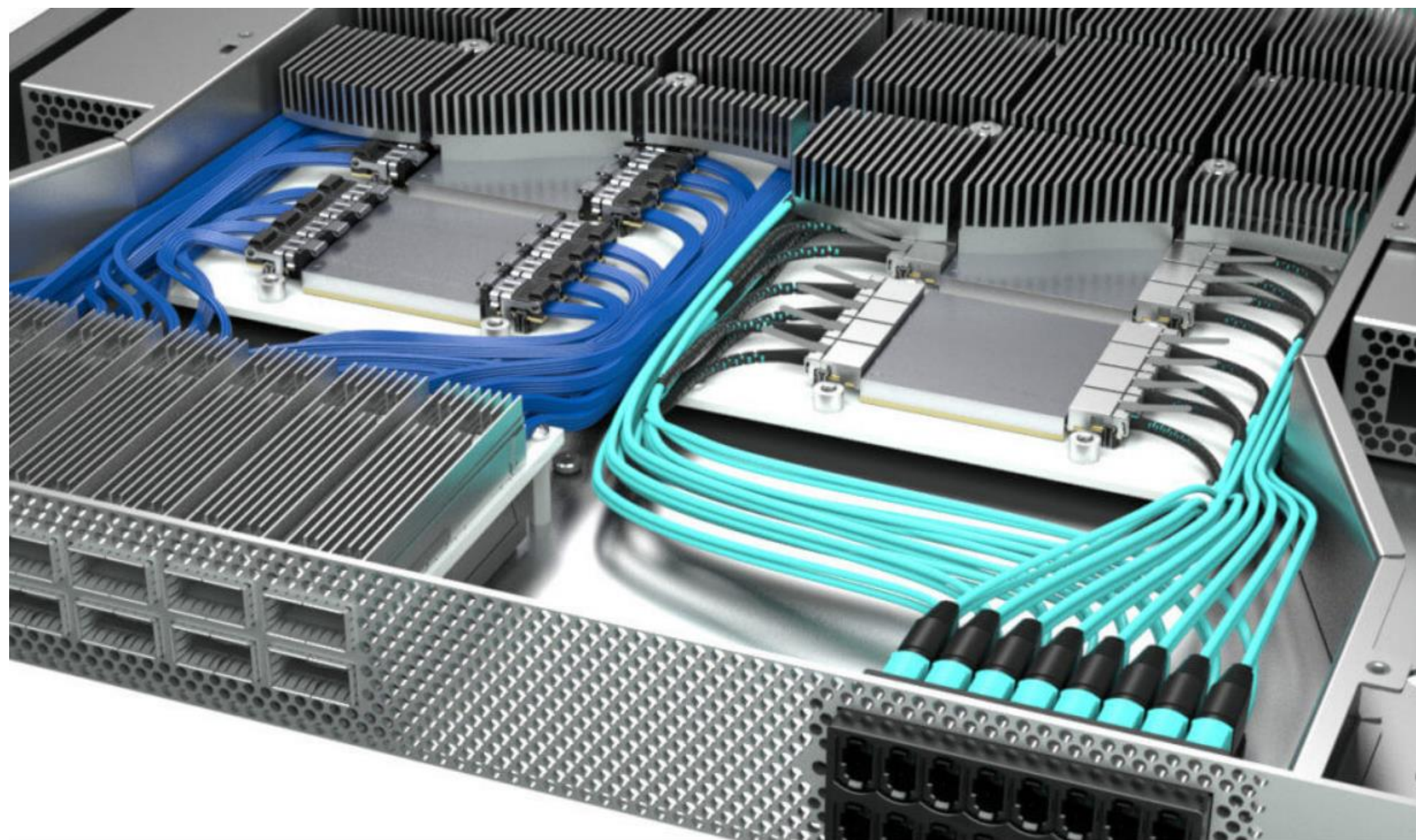
## Antigo consórcio 25G, agora Ethernet Technology Consortium (ETC):

- Re-usando características do 400GBASE-R lançaram o primeiro padrão de mercado para 800G

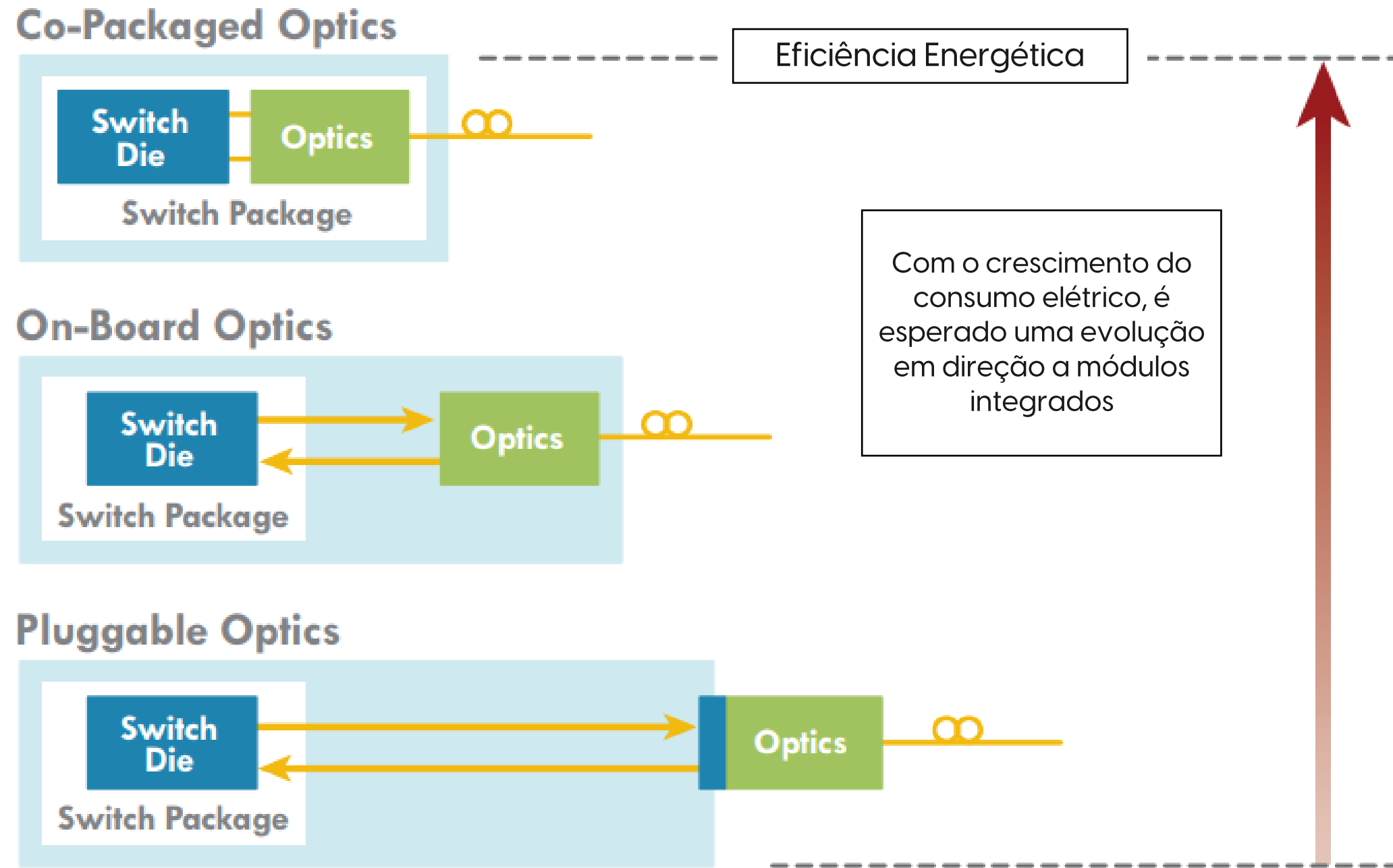
**Fabricantes de roteadores e switches já sinalizaram disponibilidade dos primeiros equipamentos com portas 800G em 2023**

# 1.6 T

- A ideia inicial do 1.6T é duplicar a capacidade serial de 100G para 200G por canal
- 8x200G = 1.6T
- Break-out
  - 16x 100G
  - 4x 400G
  - 2x 800G

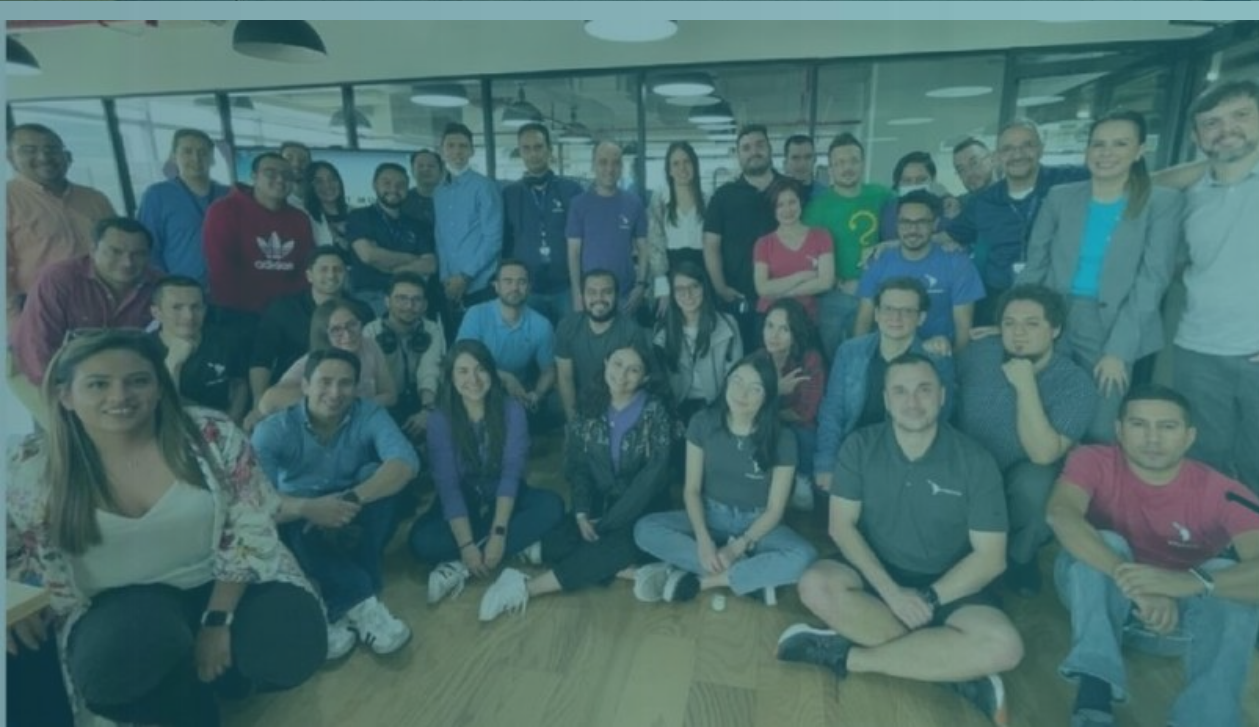


# Evolução Óptica





# Thank you edgeuno



AS 7195